Conclusions

During the study it has been determined that:

1) the vast majority of future physicians believe that professional mistakes should be hidden, which, in turn, does not contribute to their professional development;

2) the future physicians who tended to hide professional mistakes had low level of emotional awareness, ability to manage one's emotions, self-motivation, empathy, ability to manage other people's emotions;

3) the formation of a common-sense attitude to professional mistakes should take place in the context of the development of emotional intelligence, since it would promote a more conscious attitude of future physicians to professional activities and development of a more common-sense attitude to mistakes, and this poses new challenges for medical education to form emotional intelligence of future professionals in the medical field.

References


