This tendency became more apparent for countries where invasions and antagonism persisted. In the case of Korea, China, and Japan, while there were periods of cordiality, wars were frequent and there is the somber history of colonization, which made room for the subjective interpretation of criticizing the other country or emphasizing the superiority of one's own history (Kim, 2005). Furthermore, this phenomenon worsened when some politicians used history to rile the other country or educate the people as a means to further their political career. As a result, they became obstacles for the migrant brides in accepting the history of Korea.

According to the findings of this study, CTM, which is based on facts and compares the history between the home and target country, is the most effective for migrant brides in bringing about acceptance of the history of another country.

References
